SAHASSE000488

Government South Australia SA Health

Rapid Detection and Response Paediatric Observation Chart

(5 - 11 years)

MR-59E

	Affix patient identification label in this box	
U.R. No:		
Surname:		
Given Name:		
	ame:	
Second Given N	arrie	••••
DOB.	Soy/Gondor:	

nart Number:	Mid Arm circumference:	Height:	Weight:

SECTION A - GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Minimum set of observations - Write in Section C

Hospital/Site:

Take observations on child (at rest and record) on admission:

- Respiratory rate, oxygen saturation SpO₂, blood pressure, pulse rate, temperature, pain score, level of consciousness
- Other observations as indicated including BGL, O2 Flow rate, O2 delivery method, capillary refill and level of

How to record observations in Section C

Place a dot (.) in the centre of the box that includes the current observation in its range of values. Connect the new dot to the previous dot with a straight line. Write the value in the relevant box for O₂ flow rate, BGL, and also if observations fall above or below graphic parameters as indicated.

For systolic blood pressure use the symbol indicated on the graphic chart. Use the right arm (unless contraindicated) to measure blood pressure. Document cuff size and the 95th percentile for this child (at Section C). Refer to Section D (Modifications) for the blood pressure limits that trigger MDT review for this child.

Other Observations

Level of consciousness should be documented using the AVPU scale except for children receiving sedation and/or opioids, where a level of sedation score should be recorded in place of the level of consciousness.

Select pain assessment tool appropriate for the age, developmental level and clinical state of the child. Refer to state and/or local guidelines for pain assessment tools.

SECTION B - ASSESSMENT OF RESPIRATORY DISTRESS

Used together with Respiratory Rate to provide further information about the airway and breathing asset Not all features may be present. Escalate as indicated.

	MILD	MODERATE	SEVERE
Airway	Stridor only with exertion / crying	Some stridor at rest	Biphasic or increasing severity of stridor at rest
Work of breathing	Mild chest retraction (intercostal and/or suprasternal recession)	Moderate chest retraction (moderate intercostal and/or suprasternal recession) Tracheal tug / head bob / nasal flaring may be present	Severe chest retraction (marked intercostal, suprasternal and sternal recession) Tracheal tug / head bob / nasal flaring Grunting / gasping
Colour	Pink	Pallor	Dusky, mottled, cyanotic, extreme pallor
Behaviour / feeding	Normal behaviour / interactive No difficulty feeding Talks in sentences Loud cry	Intermittent irritability / difficult to console / more tired than usual Difficulty feeding Some difficulty talking (words only)	Agitated / confused or lethargic / looks exhausted Refuses / unable to feed Unable to talk or cry (too breathless)
Apnoea	Transient No desaturation	Transient with brief desaturations	Apnoea that is recurrent or prolonged or requires intervention
Oxygen	No oxygen requirement	New or increasing oxygen requirement	Hypoxaemia (SpO ₂ < 90% on Oxygen, HHHFNO or CPAP)

RDR Paediatric Observation Chart (5 -11 years)

OFFICIAL: Sensitive//Medical in confidence



SA Health

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(5 - 11 years) of South Australia

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D.O.B.: Sex/Gender:

SECTION G - RESPONSE CRITERIA AND ACTIONS TO TAKE

ALWAYS CHECK CURRENT MODIFICATIONS

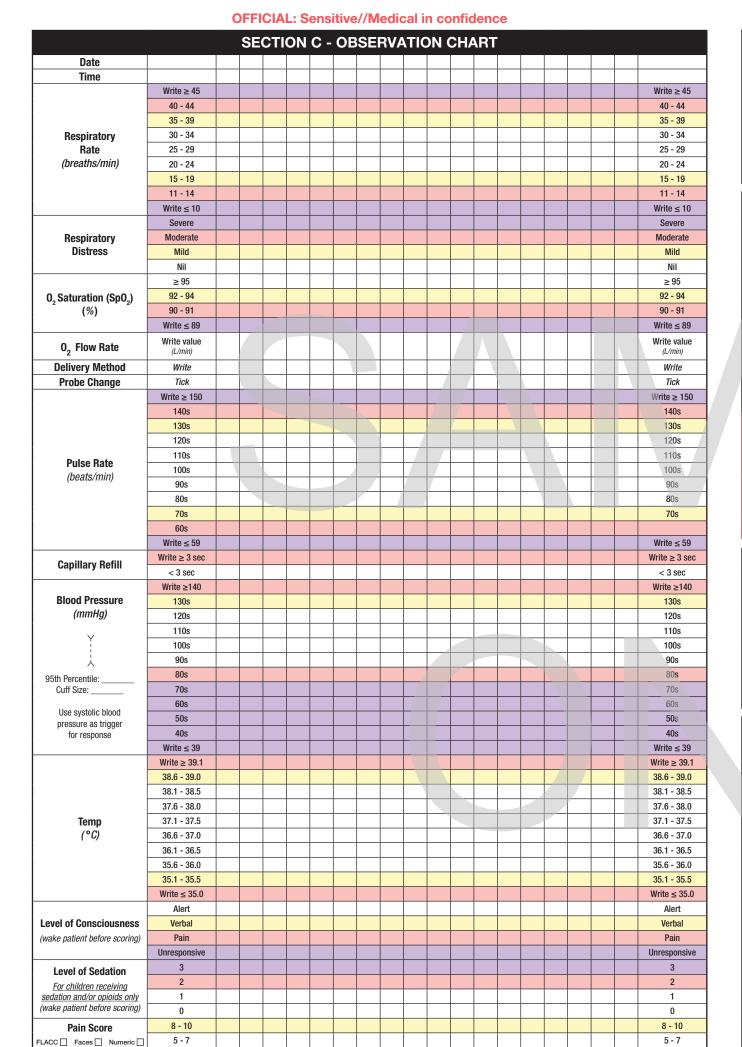
MEDICAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE (MER) CALL								
RESPONSE CRITERIA - If one or more observations are in the purple zone, or one or more of the following are occurring;	ACTIONS REQUIRED							
 You are worried about the patient A patient or consumer is worried Respiratory or cardiac arrest Threatened airway Significant bleeding Unexpected or uncontrolled seizure Consider for delayed MDT review (> 30 minutes) 	 Place emergency call and specify location Initiate basic/advanced life support Notify senior doctor responsible for patient Increase frequency of observations post intervention. Take advice from MER team 							

MULTI DISCIPLINARY TEAM (MDT) REVIEW (Minimum team of registered nurse/midwife and medical practitioner) **RESPONSE CRITERIA** - If one or more observations are in the red **ACTIONS REQUIRED** zone, or one or more of the following are occurring; Poor peripheral circulation MDT review must occur within 30 minutes (Rural You are Hospitals refer to local guidelines) or escalate to Greater than expected fluid loss worried about the Urine output < 1ml/kg/hr over 4 hours or patient patient has not voided for 12 hours Increase frequency of observations (minimum A patient or New or increase in O₂ flow rate Escalate if there are ongoing fluctuations. consumer is Escalate to MER call if there are 3 or more worried Review SpO₂ and O₂ flow rate requirements observations in red zone

REGISTERED NURSE OR REGISTERED MIDWIFE (and notify Shift Coordinator)							
RESPONSE CRITERIA - If one or more observations are in the yellow zone, or one or more of the following are occurring;	ACTIONS REQUIRED						
 You are worried about the patient A patient or consumer is worried Poor peripheral circulation New or unexplained behavioural change Unrelieved or unexpected pain Escalate to MDT review if there are 3 or more observations in yellow zone 	 Registered nurse/midwife review must occur within 30 minutes, or escalate to MDT review Increase frequency of observations Manage anxiety, pain and other symptoms Review SpO₂ and O₂ flow rate requirements 						

	SECTION H - SEDATION SCORE										
Score	Descriptor	Descriptor Stimulus Response		Duration							
3	Difficult to rouse Pain, shoulder squeeze		Brief eye opening OR any movement OR no response	N/A							
2	Easy to rouse, difficulty staying awake	Voice, light touch	Eye opening and eye contact	< 10 seconds							
1	Easy to rouse	Voice, light touch	Eye opening and eye contact	≥ 10 seconds							
0	Awake, alert when approached	N/A	N/A	N/A							

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Hospital/Site:				D.O.B.	D.O.B.: Sex/Gender:				
SECTION D - MODIFICATIONS									
A Medical Officer must write and review any Modifications. These are any observation(s) for this patient within a specified time that modify the trigger point for escalation. Refer to the local procedure(s) for instructions on documenting and altering Modifications.									
			Modifica	tion 1	Modification	on 2	Modification 3	Modification 4	
Start	Date a	nd Time							
Finish	n Date a	and Time							
		Observation(s)							
		Triggers for MDT review							
		Triggers for MER call							
	D	octor's Signature							
	Doc	tor's Name (print)							
	Doo	ctor's Designation							
	Nurse/I	Midwife Signature							
Nurse/Midwife Name (print)									
Νι	urse/Mi	dwife Designation							

SECTION E - FREQUENCY OF OBSERVATIONS									
Observations should be performed routinely at least 4 hourly unless advised below. Refer to local procedure for who can alter frequency.									
Date	(e.g.) 06/04/2021	/	/	/	/	/ /	/ /	/ /	/ /
Frequency	2/24								
Name/Designation	Smith RN								

SE	CTION F - INTERVENTION OR REVIEW DONE	(INCLU	DING M	DT OR M	MET CALL)
Date	Intervention or review		Physical state	Mental	Name
Time	(e.g. Urine Output, increase frequency BGL's, O ₂ changes etc)	carer concern	state change	Signature	

(Please tick)

BGL

Initials

0 - 4

Write (mmol/L)

0 - 4

Write (mmol/L)